BIBLIOGRAPHY


THREE NEW SPECIES OF ODONATA FROM EASTERN AFRICA

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Chlorocypha jacksoni n.sp.

Description

Holotype male. Face in front and below blackish ferruginous, genae and front of occiput canary yellow. Head above black; on the frons two large apple-green confluent spots in front of the anterior ocellus, with a small yellow spot just anterior to each of the larger spots; occipital plate brown; postocular spots orange. Thorax black; with a very broad chrome-yellow lateral band covering almost the whole of the synthoraxic sides, continued as a subdorsal stripe across anterior end of mesepisternum and along the prohorax; traces of white pruinosity on ventrum of synthorax. Coxae ferruginous, rest of legs black.

Abdomen above entirely brick red except a black basal band on 1, and a pair of small black hyphens near apices of 2-5; 1 laterally chrome yellow, ventrally black, the yellow continuing as a yellow lateral line on 2, which is otherwise red laterally, black ventrally. Rest of abdomens red at sides, only black mid-ventrally. Superior appendages black, inferiora brick red with black tips.

Wings tinged with greenish; pterostigma black; discoidal cells each with one cross-vein.

Abdomen (without appendages) 21 mm., hindwing 24 mm., pterostigma 1.5 mm.

Allotype female. Marked rather like the male, with the following differences: epistome with a light ferruginous patch; yellow at side of face extending on to edge of epistome; frontal spots yellower and slightly larger. Median carinon on mesepisternum ferruginous; lateral thoracic band pale yellow instead of chrome.

Abdomen above light brown; sides of 1-5 with a pale yellow band corresponding to the chrome marking of the male, but continuing to terminal segments as a discontinuous yellowish lateral band. The abdomen marked with black: 2-3 with black apical band and black ventrally; 4-7 similar but with the two black areas linking up by severing the yellow lateral band; 8 with the lateral yellow band broad, the ventrum black; 9 mainly black with brown median dorsal stripe and latero-distal yellow spot; 10 yellow above, black below. Ceri black.

Wings tinged with greenish; pterostigma brown with yellow centres; discoidal cells with single cross-vein.

Abdomen 20 mm., hindwing 27 mm., pterostigma 2 mm.
REMARKS

The specimens were sent by Mr T. H. E. Jackson and collected in the Mafuga Forest, Kigali District, Uganda, at about 7000 ft., in June and August 1931, and again in January 1932. The holotype and allotype will be sent to the British Museum; paratypes remaining in the Coryndon Museum.

*Aeshna scoticus* n.sp.

DESCRIPTION

*Holotype male.* Labium and genae dark ferruginous, rest of face olive, eyes green in life; a broad black T on frons. Body and legs blackish ferruginous to black, with bright green markings: a broad stripe on mesepisternum, tapering anteriorly, two lateral stripes on thorax; antenial sinus and the interalar spaces green. Abdominal segment 1 with discontinuous apical green annulus; 2 with broad band and apical annulus; 3-6 with oblique lateral streak across transverse carina and incomplete apical annulus; end-segments with scarcely discernible traces of these markings. Anal appendages black. Superior with inner edge strongly excurved; a well-developed dorsal ridge, provided with short spines in terminal half. Posterior lobes of accessory genitalia normal.

Wings hyaline; venation blackish, membranelle light grey; pterostigma blackish. Abdomen (without appendages) 53 mm., appendages 53 mm., hindwing 54 mm., pterostigma 3-5 mm.

*Allotype female.* Head and body marked as in male. Anal cerci very short as in ellisti Kirby, but ovipositor more strongly developed.

Wings strongly clouded with yellowish all over; membranelle light grey; pterostigma dark brown. Abdomen (without cerci) 55 mm., cerci 2 mm., hindwing 54 mm., pterostigma 4 mm.

REMARKS

This large species haunts slow-flowing forest streams to the west of Kampala in Uganda. One female was taken on 6 May 1931 in Kamengo forest, one male and two females, 9-13 May 1932 in another forest 20 miles west of Kampala which was probably linked with Kamengo in the not distant past. The species is evidently a shade-lover and has to be sought over streams in thick undergrowth. The occasional specimen seen flying in the forest clearings was apparently hurrying in search of cover; or an individual flying along a forest stream has been seen to retrace its path on reaching a cleared section of the stream.

The allotype female will be sent to the British Museum. The paratype females are in the Coryndon Museum, where the holotype will also remain until another male is obtained.
Brachythemis wilsoni n.sp.

Description

Holotype male (neotype). Lips, face and frons light ochreous with tinge of orange; a very narrow black basal line on frons.

Thorax yellowish brown, paler at sides and with lateral sutures finely defined by black; a brown antehumeral stripe; coate with light brown hair. Femora and tibiae light orange-brown, the former black on outer side, tarsi black.

Abdomen and appendages light red, with tints in basal half indicating that the living colour was probably scarlet. Accessory genitalia; anterior lamina with long tuft of hair at basal end; hamuli rather as in B. lewisiitae Burm.

Wings hyaline; venation red; the bases amber to about 2nd Ax, in cubital space up to discoidal cell, and the basal part of the anal field. Membrane grey, edged inwardly with white; pterostigma red, the distal third black. Forewing with 7/8 Ax on the left, 9/10 Ax on the right, 9 Fx in both wings.

Abdomen (without appendages) 22 mm., hindwing 28 mm., pterostigma 2-5 mm.

Paratype male (more juvenile). Colour of face, body and legs paler, more yellowish. Pterostigma and venation also paler. Dimensions approximately the same.

Allotype female. Similar to the paratype male but still paler; legs, ventrum of thorax and base of abdomen whitish yellow. Abdomen above rather browner, with black median dorsal carina.

Abdomen 21 mm., hindwing 27 mm., pterostigma 2-3 mm.

Remarks

Four specimens, three of them males, were sent by Mr C. E. Wilson, collected at Yambio, southern Sudan, in December 1950. One male was presented to Colonel Fraser. Holotype and allotype will remain in the Coryndon Museum until more material is available; the paratype male (unfortunately with outer half of right hindwing missing) will be sent to the British Museum.

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